

A Publication of Alpha Omega Institute

Janurary-February 2009

## AFTER THEIR KINDS

by Lanny and Marilyn Johnson

"Mary, will you please read Genesis 1, verses 11 and 12, for us?" asked Mr. Jones during a family devotion time.

"And God said, Let the earth bring forth grass, the herb yielding seed, and the fruit tree yielding fruit after his kind, whose seed is in itself, upon the earth: and it was so." And the earth brought forth grass, and herb yielding seed after his kind, and the tree yielding fruit, whose seed was in itself, after his kind: and God saw that it was good." Mary read.

"Thank you Mary. Now, does anyone know what it means by 'after his kind'?"

"It means to be good to someone after they are good to you!" declared Billy.

"Well, the word kind can certainly mean to be good unto others," smiled Mr. Jones, "but, in these verses, it means something else. Here, it means a natural group or division of plants."

"What do you mean, Dad?" Mary asked.

"What do you notice about Buddy and Patches?"

"Patches is my mother cat," said Mary.
"Yeah, and Buddy is a dog!" stated Bobby.

"Yes, and notice that they are very different from each other. Buddy is a dog kind, and Patches is a cat kind. In the Creation account in Genesis 1, we read again and again that God created both animals and plants to reproduce 'after his kind'. In verses 11 and 12, 'after his kind' is repeated three times," said Mr. Jones. "Whenever God repeats something, He is usually trying to make a point. Here God is pointing out the truth that all living things make other living things just like themselves."

"What does re ... re ... 'repooching' mean, Dad?" asked Billy.

"That word is 'reproduce', Billy," laughed Mr. Jones. "With animals and man, reproduce means to make babies like themselves. Plants use seeds and other methods to make baby plants."

"Dad, why are Patches' baby kitties so different from each other?" asked Mary.

"Well, Mary, God created the genetic information to make the different kinds of living things. When parents get together, their genetic information is sometimes shuffled around or even lost. This mixing of information makes an offspring (baby) that might be slightly different than the parents. However, there is a limit to these variations."

"What do you mean by limit, Dad?" Mary inquired.

"There seems to be an invisible fence that neither animals nor plants can ever cross to change into another kind. For example Patches had kittens

that are different than

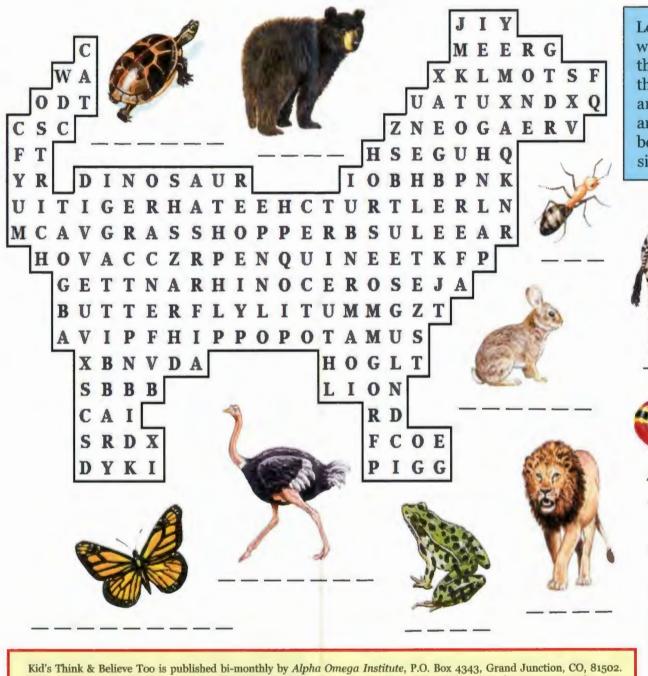
her, but they are still
cats. She did not
have baby dogs
or monkeys or
mice. And notice
that there are
no blue kittens.
The only way
to get a blue
cat would be
for existing cats
to have the right
information to

make blue fur. No new information is made."

"Evolution has never been able to scientifically show how one kind of creature could change into a completely different kind." continued Mr. Jones. "I think that all living things today are variations in the original kinds of creatures and plants that God created on days five and six of Creation. These variations show how wonderfully creative our God is."

Two Dogs CANNOT

Make A Cat !!!



Look for the words in the puzzle from the words in the WORD LIST below. Also name the animals pictured on this page, and find them in the puzzle. The dashes under the animals show how many letters are in the animal's name (if you get stuck, see answer below). The hidden word might be up, down, sideways, slanted, or backwards.

## WORD LIST

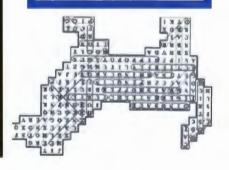






**SEBKA** TURTLE **SNYKE** RABBIT OSTRICH **FION** FROG BUTTERFLY BEYK TW

BEETLE BIRD CAT CHEETAH COW DINOSAUR DOG **ELEPHANT GOAT** GRASSHOPPER HAMSTER **HIPPOPOTAMUS** HORSE **PENQUIN** PIG RHINOCEROS SHEEP TIGER



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